# Strata XIIe & XXe

### RELEASE 2

FAULT FINDING PROCEDURES

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# STRATA XII<sub>e</sub> & XX<sub>e</sub>

### **FAULT FINDING**

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#### 01 GENERAL

**01.01** This section describes the maintenance procedures used for the diagnosis of faults in this electronic key telephone system. Faults are classified and then cleared by replacing the apparatus and performing operational tests in the sequences prescribed by the fault clearing flow-charts in Paragraph **05**.

#### 02 FAULT CLASSIFICATION

- **02.01** A Fault Classification Flowchart is provided to ensure that fault clearing is pursued in a logical sequence (Chart No. 1).
- **02.02** An assumption is made in the flowcharts that the fault was discovered and reported by an EKT user. All faults, therefore, are classified according to the way they would appear at the EKT.
- **02.03** Faults and associated flowcharts in Table A are organized into the following categories:

TABLE A — FLOWCHARTS					
Flowchart	Title				
1	Fault Classification				
ĺż	Power Faults				
3	Station Faults				
4	HKSU Faults				
5	CO Line Faults				
ĺě	Intercom Faults				
7	DSS Faults				
8	Automatic Dialing Faults				
9	MOH, BGM, Page and				
	Relay Service Faults				
10	SMDR Faults				
11	OPX Faults				
12	OPL Faults				
13	Door Phone Faults				
14	TIE Line (HTIB) Faults				
15	Remote Maintenance / TTY Faults				

#### 03 FAULT CLEARING PROCEDURES

**03.01** Before attempting to clear any fault, ensure that it is in the system and not caused by associated external equipment, such as wiring, MOH source, etc.

#### IMPORTANT!

Many system features are assigned, enabled or disabled using software entries as described in Programming Procedures. Further, with the exception of Programs 5XX ~ 9XX, programming changes are not effective until the new data has been secured in working

memory (see Paragraph 02.06 of Programming Procedures). It is important to verify that the system programming is correct and functional before troubleshooting the hardware.

- **03.02** In new systems, or when the HCAU/CAAU PCB has been changed, the initialization procedure must be performed before testing. The system data stored on the original HCAU/CAAU will be protected from loss by the backup battery on that PCB. Therefore, the initialization sequence *should not* be performed if the original PCB is reinstalled.
- **03.03** Faults in the system are cleared by replacing PCBs, EKTs or the power supply, as instructed in the flowcharts.
- **03.04** Five symbols are used in the flowcharts, which are identified in Figure 1.

Start and end of a flow chart sequence	
Important notes af- fecting the fault clear- ing procedure	
Question to be answered YES or NO	
Progression TO or FROM another flow-chart location. Letters will denote exact entrance or exit point	
Statement of a required action	

FIGURE 1—FLOWCHART SYMBOLS

**03.05** The flowcharts are sequentially arranged to permit rapid fault localization within the system. All fault clearing must begin with the

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Fault Classification Flowchart, which is arranged in the correct fault locating sequence.

**03.06** The following precautions must be observed when handling PCBs.

#### DO NOT:

- Drop a PCB.
- Stack one PCB on top of another.
- Handle a PCB without discharging any static electricity from your person by touching the grounded HKSU.
- Touch PCB contacts with your fingers.

#### IMPORTANT!

If the fault is not cleared by substituting a PCB, the original PCB must be reinstalled in the HKSU before trying another PCB.

#### 04

### **DEFECTIVE APPARATUS RETURNS**

- **04.01** When a defective system apparatus is shipped for repair, the apparatus must be packed in a suitable container (the original box is highly recommended), as follows:
- a) Paper container for the HCAU/CAAU PCB.
- b) Anti-static containers for all other PCBs.
- c) Plastic bags for EKTs, HKSU, etc.
- **04.02** NEVER WRITE ON THE APPARATUS IT-SELF! Describe the nature of the defect on an information tag. Attach the tag to the front of the unit with string (not wire) so the tag can remain attached during the testing and repair process.
- **04.03** If different and/or additional faults are created in the system by substituting a PCB, tag and return the substitute PCB as a defective unit.

#### 05

# FAULT IDENTIFICATION and ELIMINATION PROCEDURES

**05.01** The HCAU/CAAU PCB may contain a "soft" fault due to static electricity. If it is found defective during the fault finding procedures, attempt to clear a soft fault prior to returning the HCAU/CAAU PCB for repair. The correct procedure for this is to reinstall the HCAU/CAAU, per-

form the initialization procedure, and then reprogram the system as necessary to test for the fault. If the fault returns after these procedures are performed, tag the defective HCAU/CAAU PCB and return it for repair.

#### 06 POWER SUPPLY

**06.01** If a power supply fault is suspected, the power supply (HPSU 8120/9120) should be removed from the HKSU. Figure 2 shows the locations of the voltage checks on the rear of the HPSU. Voltages should fall within the following ranges:

Nominal	Range		
+24	+23.0 ~ 29.0		
+12	+10.8 ~ 13.2		
+ 5	+4.75 ~ 5.25		

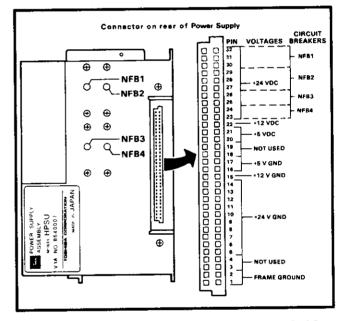


FIGURE 2—HPSU VOLTAGE CHECKS

**06.02** If voltage checks indicate a power supply fault, replace the HPSU with a correctly operating unit. Refer to the *Installation* section of this manual for HPSU installation procedures.

#### 07

### STATION CABLE CONTINUITY CHECK

### 07.01 Voltmeter Test

**07.02** The continuity of the cable run between the HKSU and the EKT is checked with a voltmeter as follows:

#### NOTE:

Perform the following at the locations indicated:

- 1. Modular block: Check all station cables.
- 2. MDF: Check cable from HKSU to MDF.
- 1) Disconnect the EKT.
- Using a DC voltmeter, measure between the wires of the two pairs to verify the readings shown in Table B.
- 3) An improper reading indicates an open, crossed or shorted wire.
- 4) For the MDF-to-EKT cable, a more precise check is made using an ohmmeter.

TABLE B

## STATION CABLE CONTINUITY CHECK USING VOLTMETER

FROM		TO			VOLTAGE*	
Pair	Wire	Color	Pair	Wire	Color	· - ·
1	T	Green	2	T	Black	24
1	R	Red	2	T	Black	24
1	Т	Green	2	R	Yellow	24
1	R	Red	2	R	Yeliow	24
1	T	Green	1	R	Red	0
2	T	Red	2	R	Yellow	0
3	T	White	3	R	Blue	0
3	T	White	1	R	Red	0
3	R	Blue	1	R	Red	0
3	Т	White	1	Т	Green	0
3	R	Blue	1	Т	Green	0
3	T	White	2	Т	Black	0
3	R	Blue	2	Т	Black	0
3	T	White	2	R	Yellow	0
3	R	Blue	2	R	Yellow	0

<sup>\*</sup>Nominal voltage—within the power supply limits of  $+23.2 \sim 28.2$  VDC while under AC power.

### 07.10 Ohmmeter Test

**07.11** The continuity of the cable run between the HKSU and the EKT is checked with an ohmmeter as follows:

- 1) Disconnect the EKT.
- 2) At the MDF, remove the bridging clips.
- 3) Using an ohmmeter, measure the resistance between all combinations of the four wires at the modular block. All measurements should exceed 1 M ohm.
- 4) At the MDF, place shorting jumper wires between the T and R of pair #1 (green-red), the T and R of pair #2 (black-yellow) and the T and R of pair #3 (blue-white).
- 5) At the modular block, measure the resistance between all wire combinations. The proper readings are shown in Table C.

**TABLE C** 

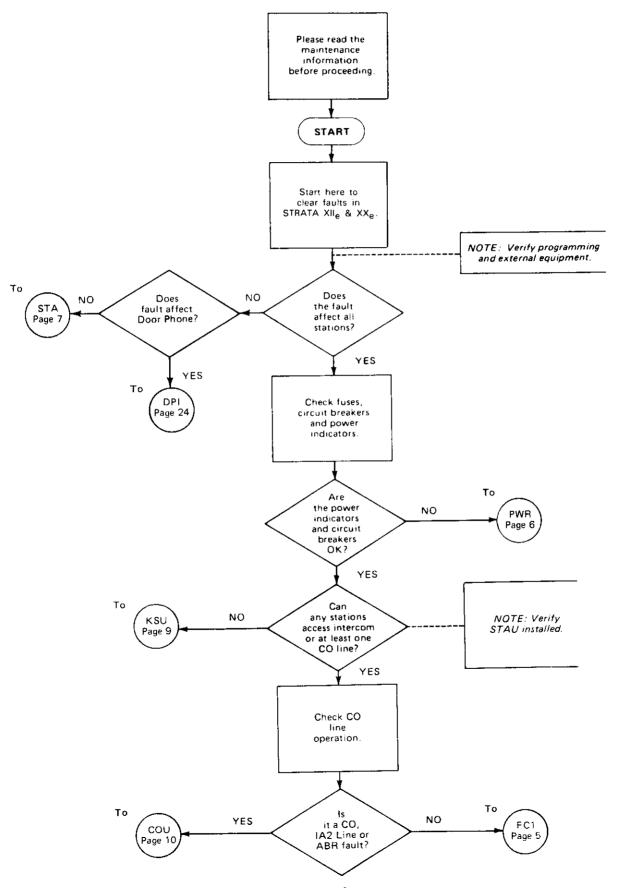
### STATION CABLE CONTINUITY CHECK USING OHMMETER

FROM		TO			RESISTANCE	
Pair	Wire	Color	Pair	Wire	Color	
1	Т	Green	2	T	Black	1M ohm
1	R	Red	2	T	Black	1M ohm
1	Т	Green	2	R	Yellow	1M ohm
1	R	Red	2	R	Yellow	1M ohm
1	T	Green	1	R	Red	55M ohms*
2	T	Black	2	R	Yellow	55M ohms*
3	Т	White	3	R	Blue	55 ohms*
3	Ţ	White	1	R	Red	1M ohm
3	R	Blue	1	R	Red	1M ohm
3	T	White	1	Т	Green	1M ohm
3	Ř	Blue	1	Т	Green	1M ohm
3	Т	White	2	T	Black	1M ohm
3	R	Blue	2	T	Black	1M ohm
3	Т	White	2	R	Yellow	1M ohm

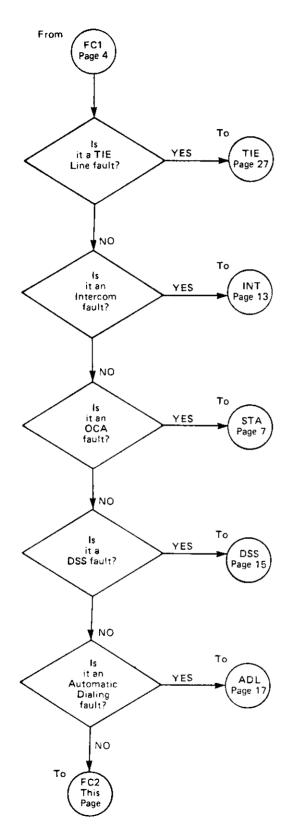
#### \*NOTE:

The green-red, black-yellow and white-blue measurements should be within 10% of each other.

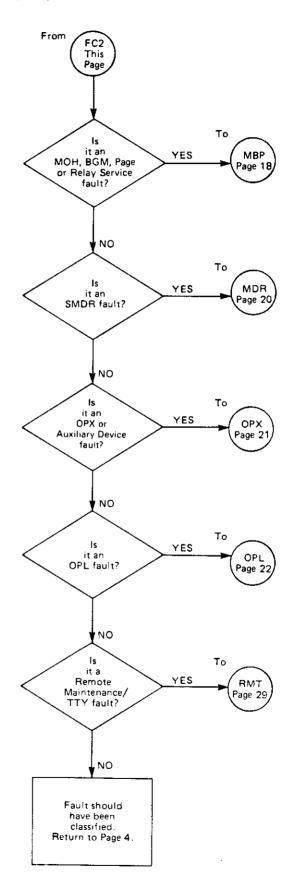
### CHART NO. 1 FAULT CLASSIFICATION



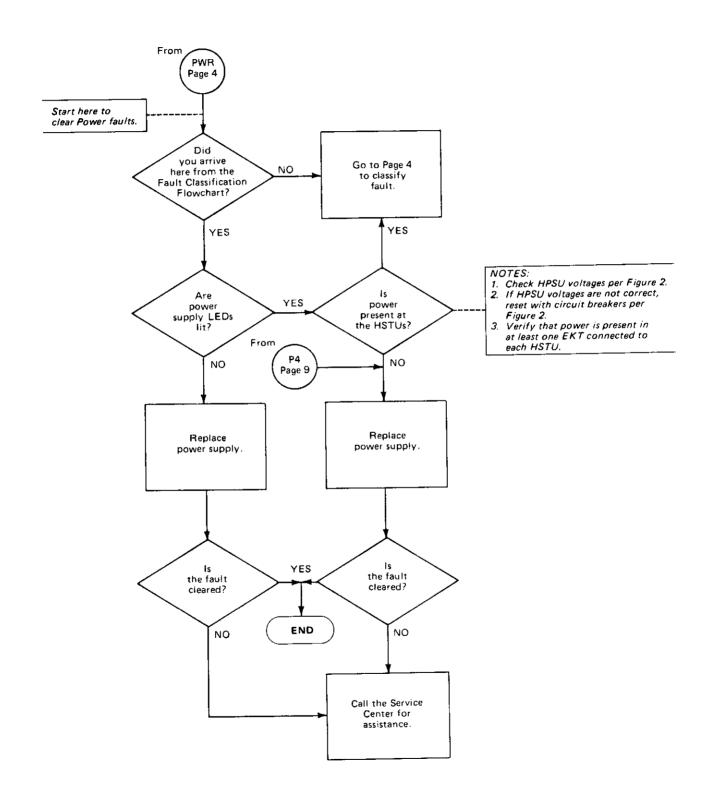
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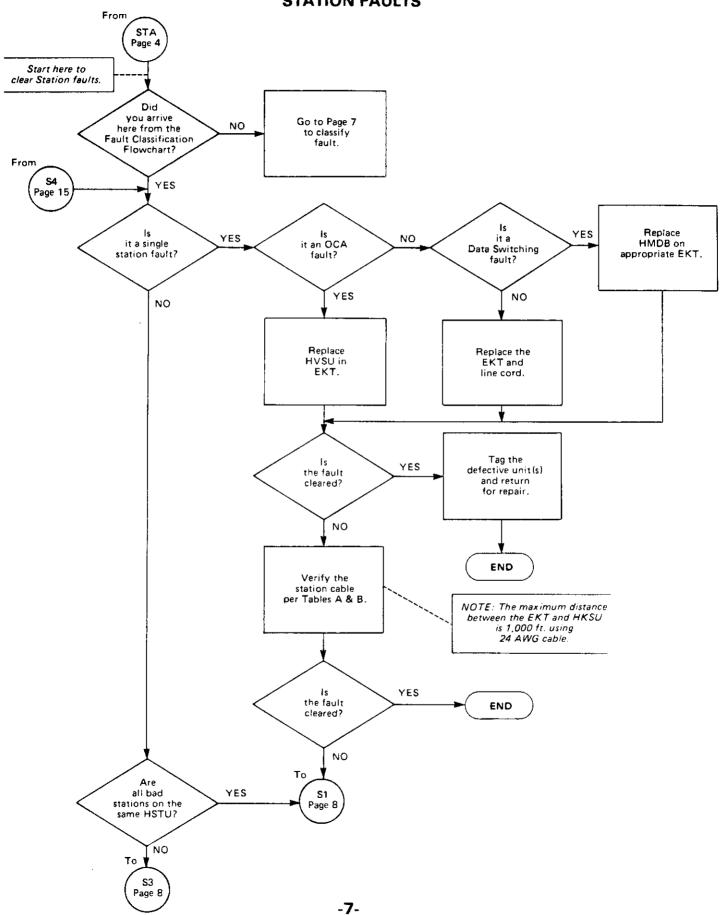
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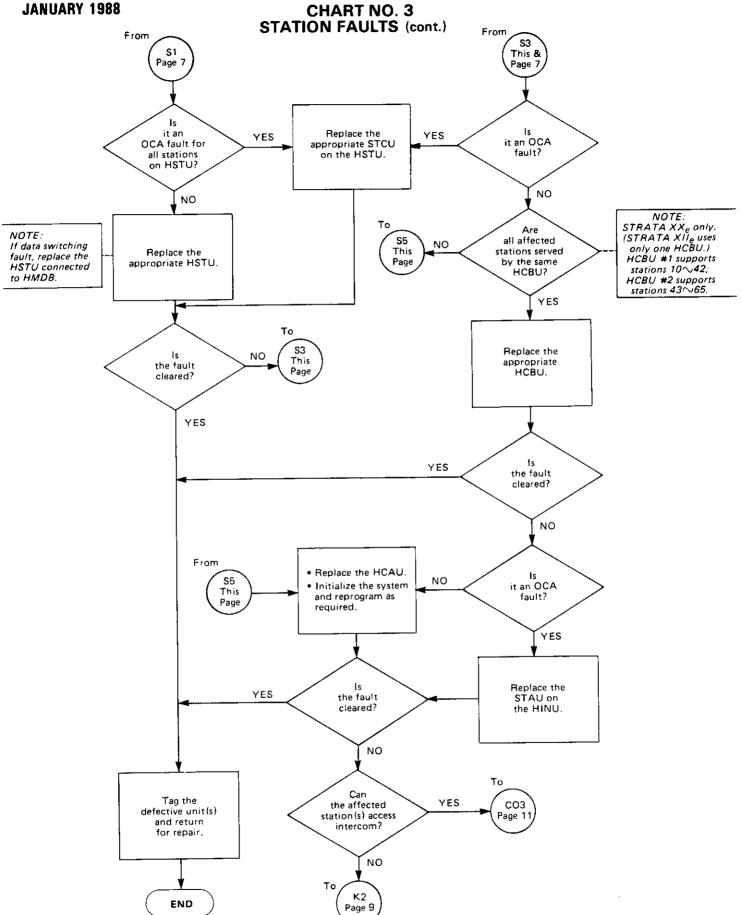
### CHART NO. 2 POWER FAULTS



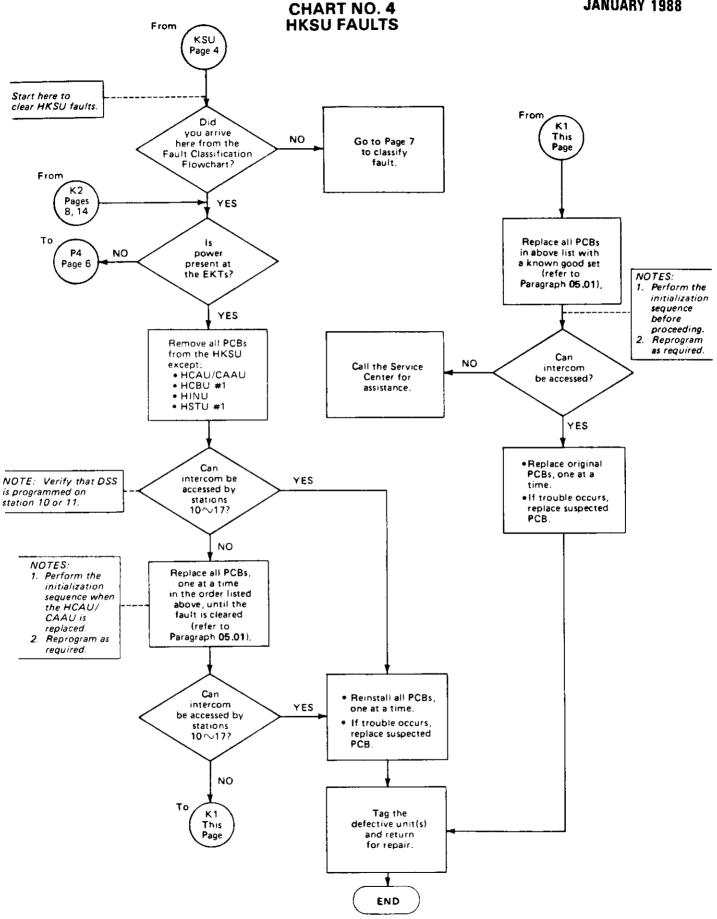
### CHART NO. 3 STATION FAULTS



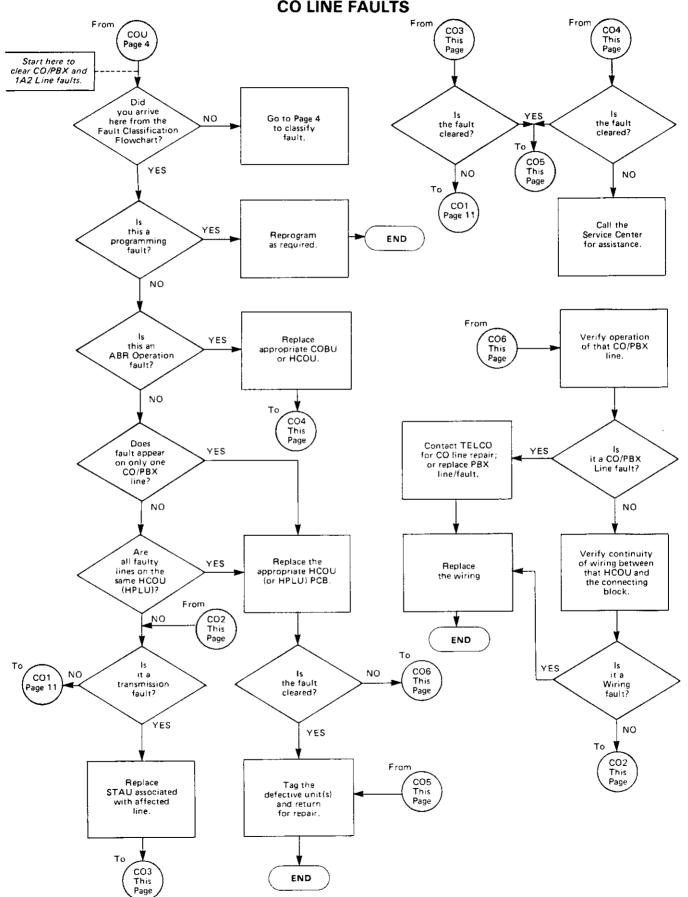
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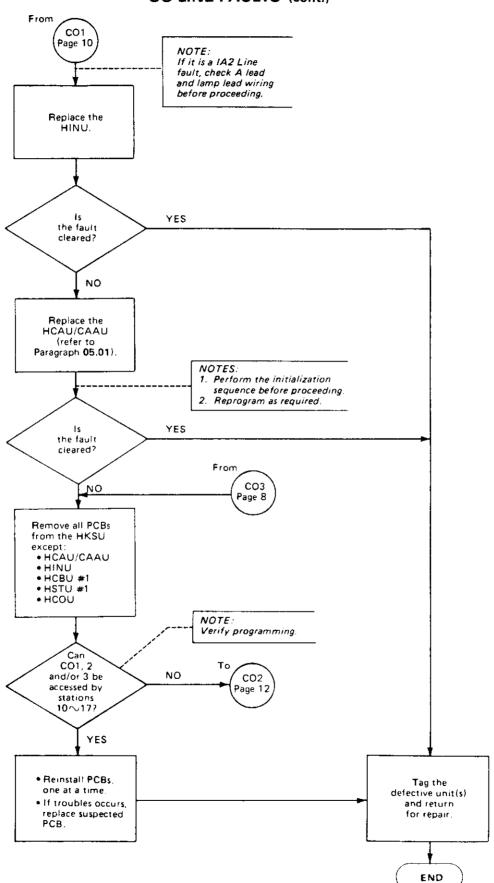
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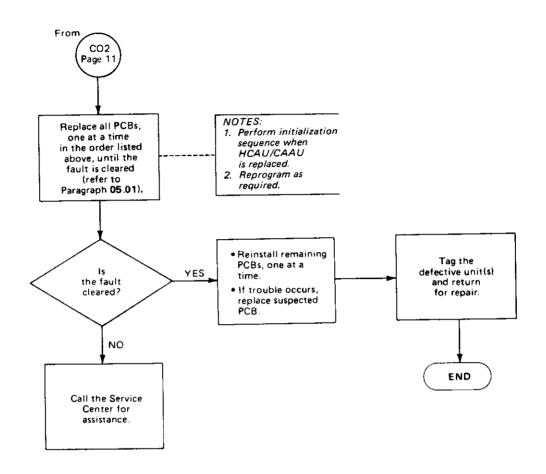
### CHART NO. 5 CO LINE FAULTS



### CHART NO. 5 CO LINE FAULTS (cont.)



### CHART NO. 5 CO LINE FAULTS (cont.)



### CHART NO. 6 INTERCOM FAULTS

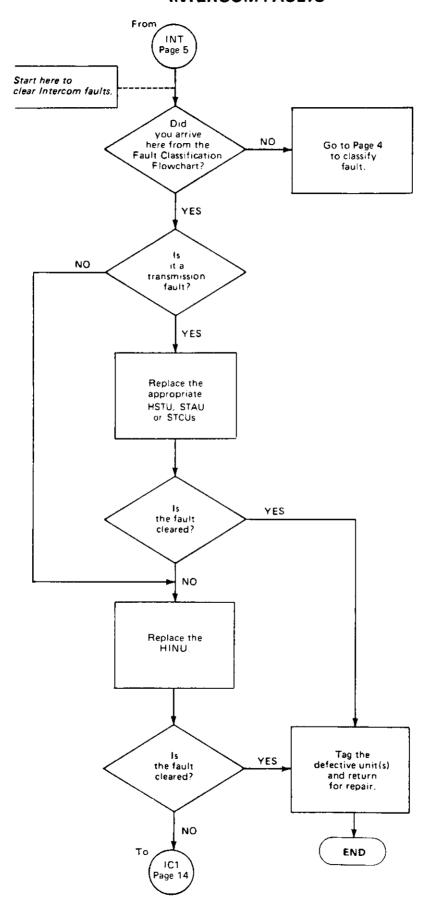
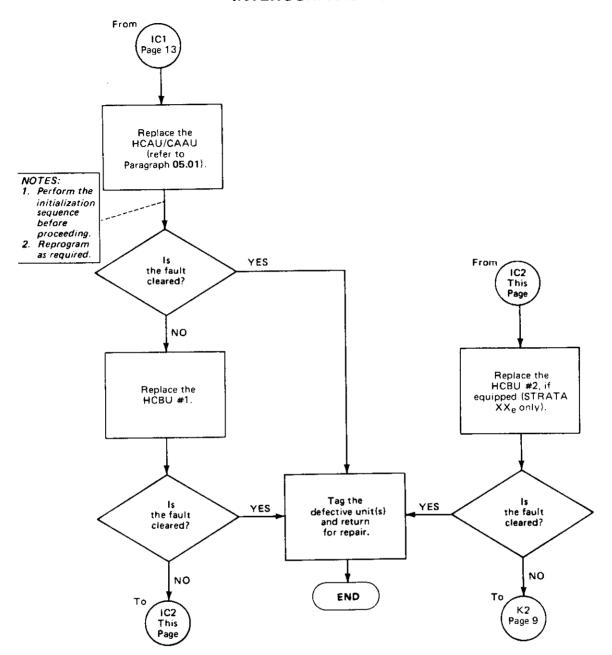
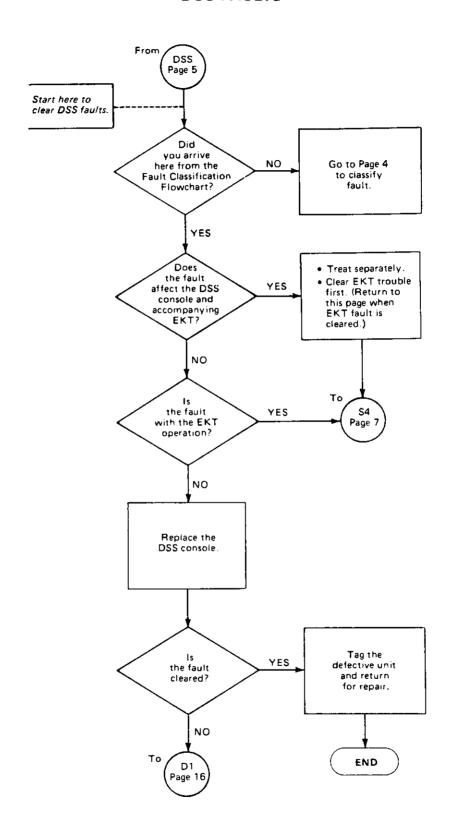


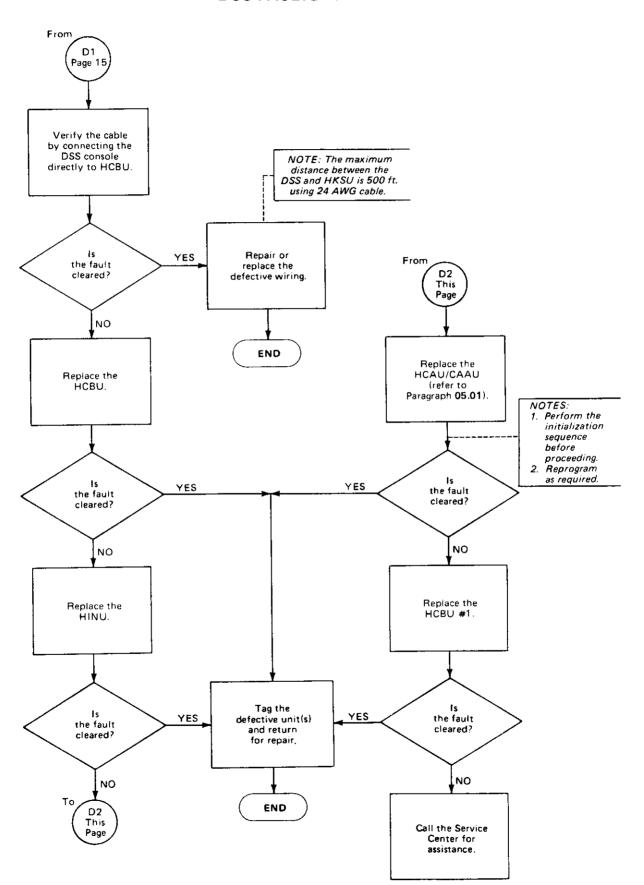
CHART NO. 6
INTERCOM FAULTS (cont.)



### CHART NO. 7 DSS FAULTS



### CHART NO. 7 DSS FAULTS (cont.)



## CHART NO. 8 AUTOMATIC DIALING FAULTS

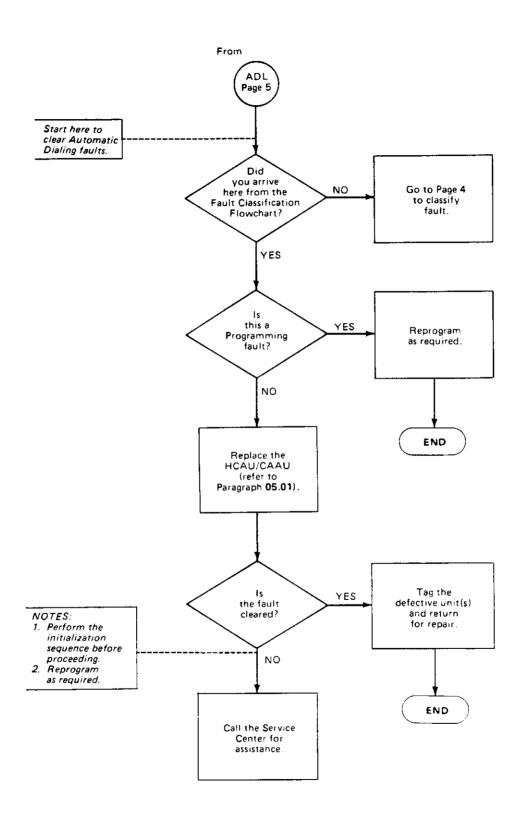
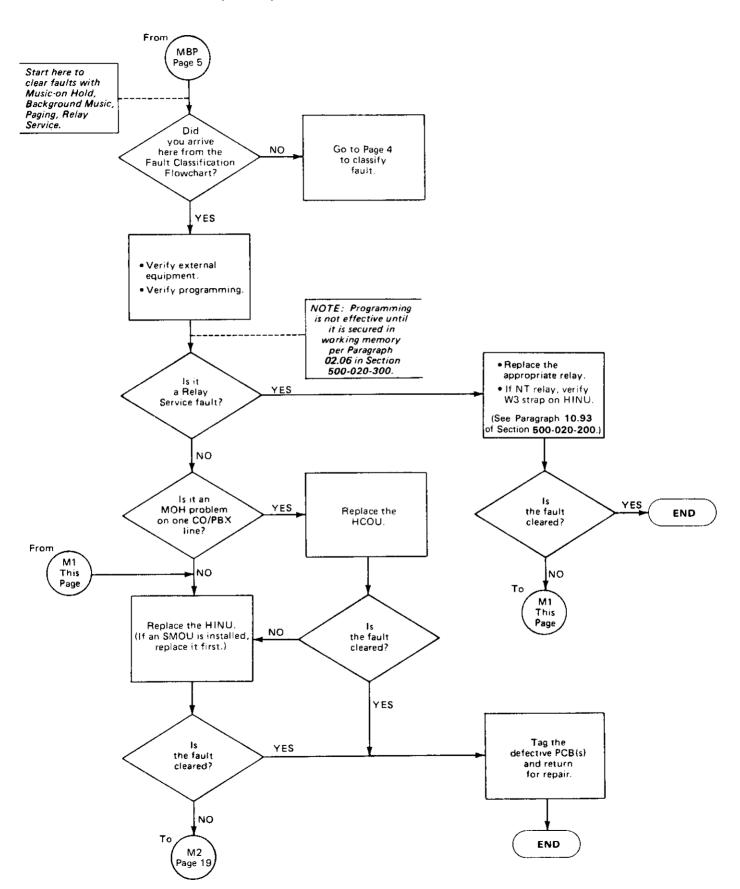
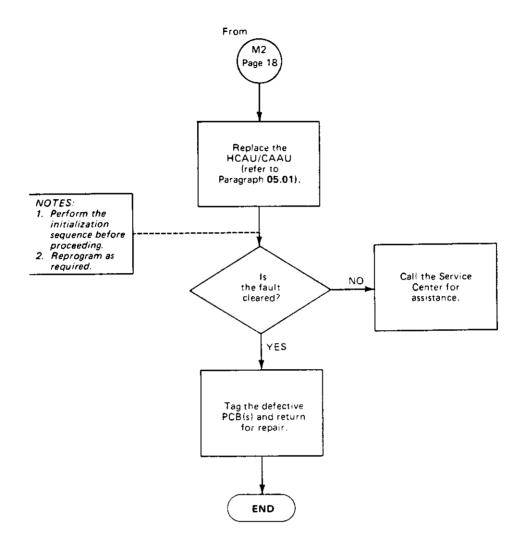


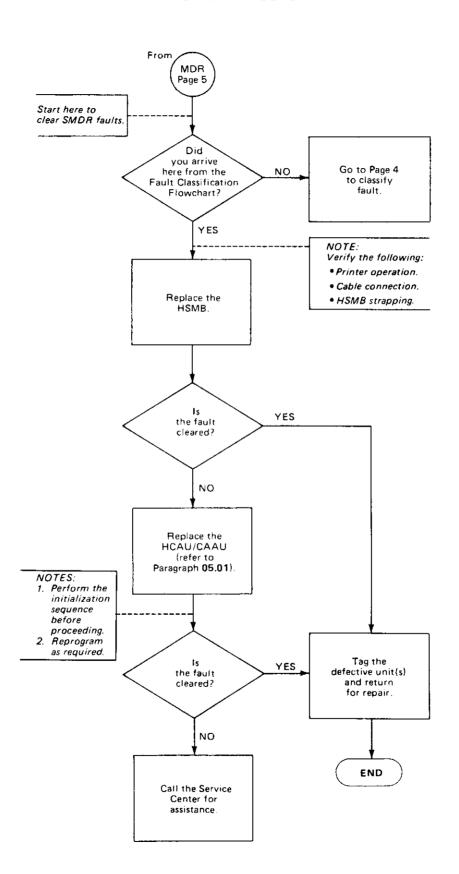
CHART NO. 9
MOH, BGM, PAGE & RELAY SERVICE FAULTS



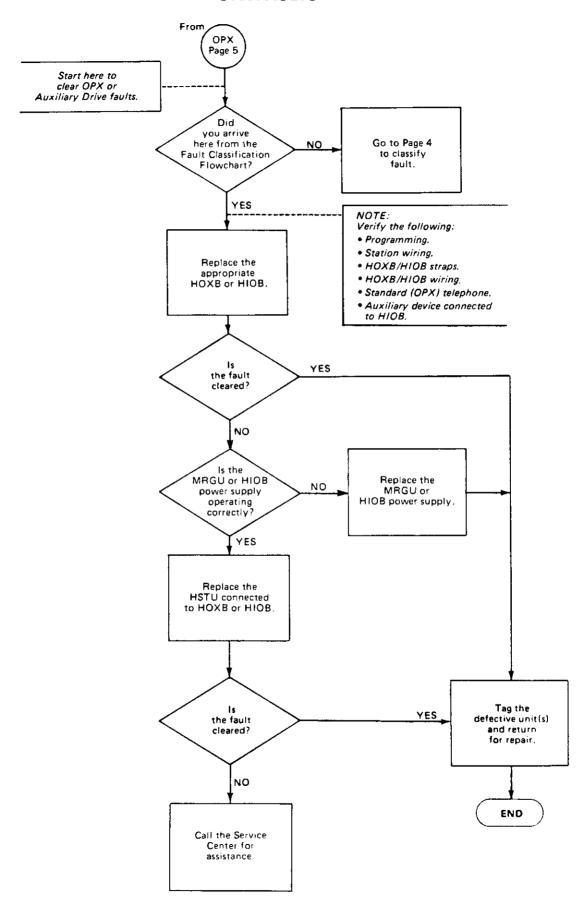
# CHART NO. 9 MOH, BGM, PAGE & RELAY SERVICE FAULTS (cont.)



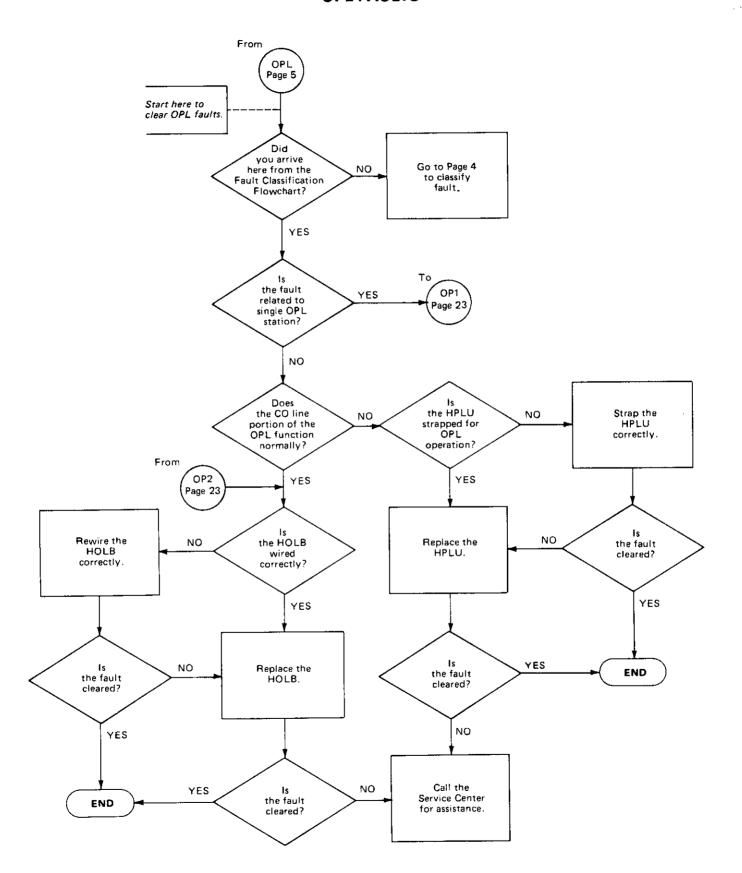
### **CHART NO. 10 SMDR FAULTS**



### CHART NO. 11 OPX FAULTS

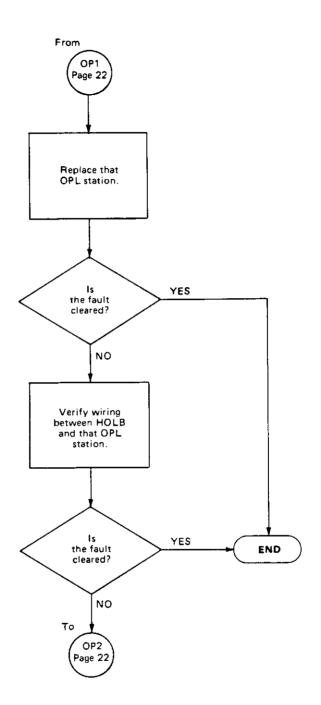


### CHART NO. 12 OPL FAULTS

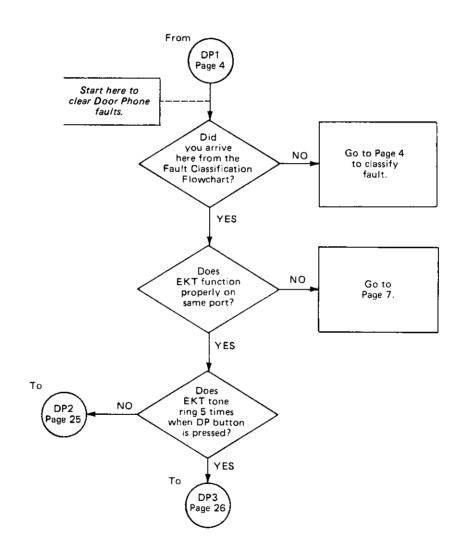


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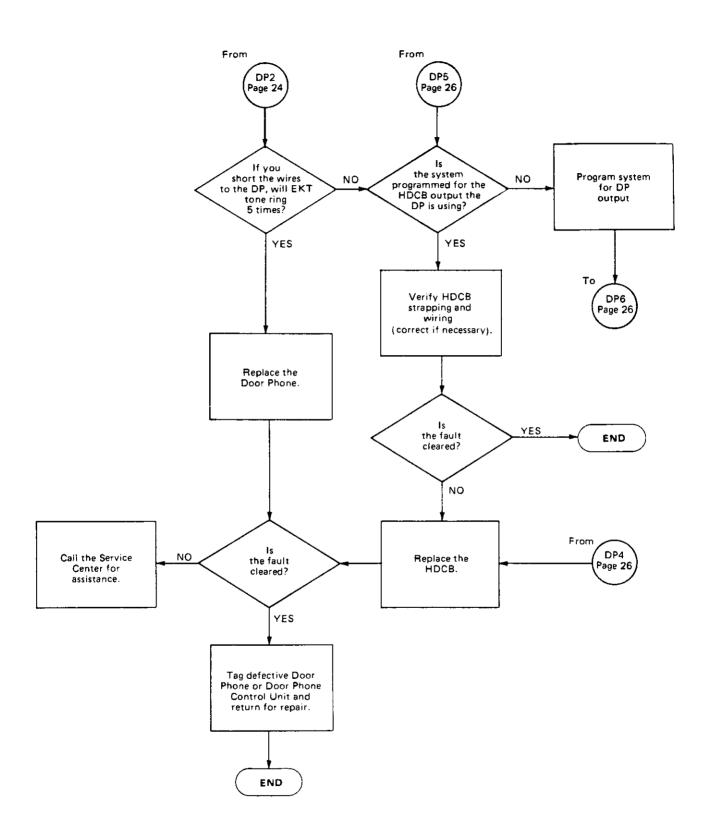
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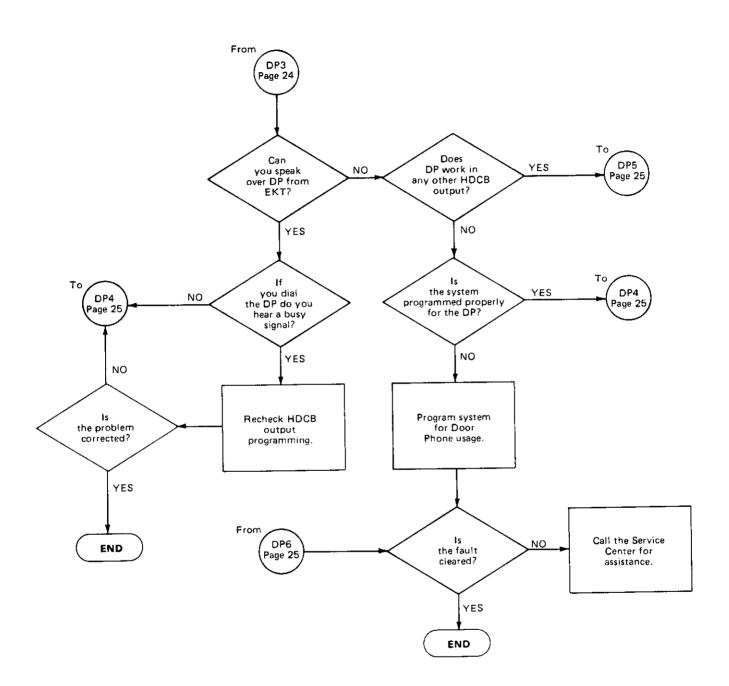
### CHART NO. 13 DOOR PHONE FAULTS



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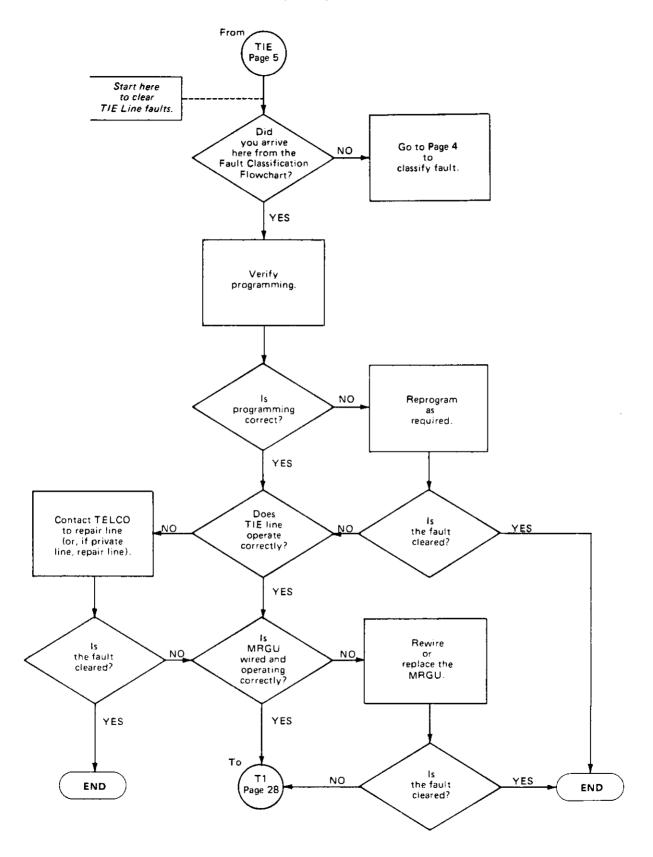


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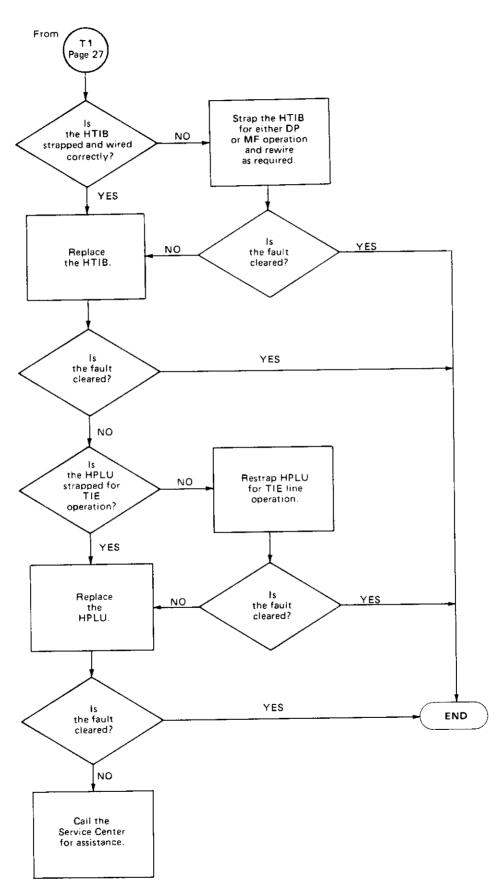


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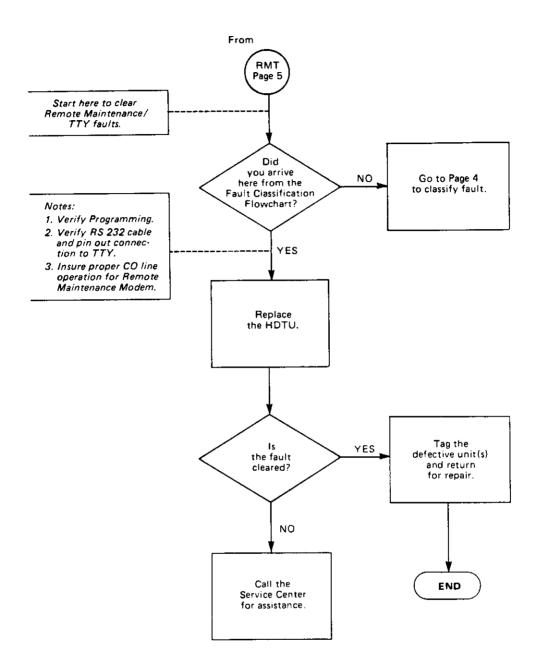
### CHART NO. 14 TIE LINE (HTIB) FAULTS



## CHART NO. 14 TIE LINE (HTIB) FAULTS (cont.)



## CHART 15 REMOTE MAINTENANCE/TTY FAULTS



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